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METHOD FOR MANUFACTURING A BUILDING STRUCTURE.

Applicant/Proprietor: INTERNATIONAL DOME SYSTEMS

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## Description

The invention relates to a method for manufacturing a building structure in accordance with the preamble of claim 1.

A method of this kind is known from USA-4,155,987.

According to eath known method the foain layer is applied layer by layer and the foot plates of the anchors are effected by means of adhesive to the first loans layer. This attachment is in-outlicient Many anchors fall down under the influence of the forces which occur during spraying and due to deformations of the form by wind forces. Even after surrounding the anchor feet by the resit foam layer applied over said feet said anchors are not capable to take up the loads which occur during attachment of the reinforcing rode and during spraying of the concrete.

Purpose of the invention is to provide a method by means of which the progress of the work is not disturbed by anchors which do not maintain their proper position.

According to the invention this purpose is softened by the characterizing matures of claim 1.

By the fact that the form layer has obtained its final thickness prior to mounting the anchors it is possible to insert the bent over parts of the feet of the anchors easily into the form layer. Due to this the anchors are quickly attached.

By the fact that moreover the first concrete tayer is sprayed over said feet and covers said feet, a hard layer is obtained which bolds the anchors in a manner, such that they can no longer lossen and are capable to carry the weight of the seinforcing rods and are capable to witchstand the forces which occur during appropring of the concrete on the anchors and reinforcing rods, including the weight of not yet completely hardened concrete pane.

Preferably the reinforcing is one which at least in horizontal planes is pretensionable. This is made possible by the rigid attachment of the enchors.

It is observed that from US-A-3,277,219 a method is known for the mismissioning of a building structure by making use of an impatable form squinst the Inner alde of which a foam layer is sprayed until the layer has its full required thickness. After apraying and complotting said layer anchors are viscred into the foam layer in the form of wire alips having a barbed or turned over fricarted end which provide en attachment such that prior to any apraying of concrete reinforcing rods own be attached to said anchors. The mounting of said anchors by pressure or hummering is time consuming and can domage the foom layer. Concrete to eben grisosinios ett relie emit fest ett soi beligge yho ere placed. Although cold known method discloses the possibility of primarily manufacturing the foam layer until its final thickness is obtained it has disadvantages in respect of the mounthing of the anchors.

Spraying of the resin can be performed auch that, the order interested of the form is covered so that a building structure to already obtained from resin such as a resin dome.

It is also possible to spray part of the height with seain and to start spraying the concrete already whilst the spraying of the resin proceeds upwardly towards; the too.

Mounting of the retriforcing rode can take place auch that the reinforcing is completed first prior to applying the further concerns layers. One, however, can also perform the work in such a way that each concrete layers are applied effer mounting part of the nantecement. In which case the mounting of the relinforcing mode proceeds upwardly followed by the application of the concrete of course starts at the basis.

The synthetic form can remain in place or be removed respectively. For performing the work use can be made of a movable platform lifting device history at the outer and of a swingable and extendable arm a work platform from which any position inside the blown form can be reached with spraying devices:

With the invention it is possible to manufacture building structures of preferably dome shaped configuration in a simple manner. They can have a circular basis and be part aphendal. They however may have as well an oval basis or even a rectangular basis.

The Invention concerns as well an anchor for applying the method according to the Invention which anchor as known from US-A-4 155-967, has a perforated footplate to which a rod is attached which anchor according to the invention has tongues which are cut free from the plate and bent into a position perpendicular to the plane of the plate and turned away from the rod.

Said anchor has a shape such that it can be trassited with said tongues into the foam layer.

The Invention will be further illustrated with reference to the drawings.

Figure 1 shows part of a building structure according to the trivention.

Figure 2 shows a possible embodiment of the anchor.

Figures 3s to finitiative show different phoses of the method according to the invention.

The building structure which can be obtained with the invention has a form 1 which by blowing is brought into the proper shape and in made from plestic. Against the inverside a loam synthetic layer 2 is applied by opraying. The anchors 2 are fixed upon said bayer and reinforcing rode 4 are exacted to cold anchors. For mounting the anchors use can be made of an auxiliary reinforcement 4' such as rode which support the sindhors for and during performing further operations. The space around said reinforcing rode which is defined outwardly by the foam synthetic layer 2 is filled with concrete 5 by spraying. Prior to building

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the concrete layer 5 layer by layer a first layer 5 is approved over the feet 8 of the enchors. The plastic form 1 is commected in an air-tight manner at 5 to a pre-fabricated foundation 7.

The anghors may have the form shown in figure 2 computating a perforated footplate 8 having bant over tongues 9, which can be presented into the form synthetic layer 2 and with an outwardly extending rod or aim 10 serve for connecting to them the reinforcing rods: By applying the first concrete layer 8 said anothers are well held in place sufficiently to carry the reinforcing rods:

Figure 3 showns in figure 3a diagrammatically a part of an annular foundation 7 which has to be provided:

Figure 3b shows the application of the form 1 in the not yet inflated condition.

Figure 3c shows the inflation by means of lans 11.

The Inflated half is provided with an air lock 12 known in least.

Figure 3d shows the Inflated hell In a cut-open way. Present in the hall is a working device 13 inving a working platform 14 by means of which through a supply conduits 15 synthetic from, such as polyarethrane can be supplied by the schematically shown device 16 and sprayed upon the kineratio of the inflated form 1.

Figure 36 shows the mouting of horizontal annuler reinforcing rode as well as reinforcing rode extending in vertical planes, effer which, as shown in figure 30 31, by means of the device 13 concrete 5° and 5 reappearance of the device 13 concrete 5° and 5 re-

The hall obtained finally no longer needs the fans and entrance lock respectively.

In case windows are needed auxiliary frames can be placed with the aid of anchors upon the synthetic foam layer 3 as schematically indicated at 17 in figure 3d. After completing the building structure, which means after hardening of the concrete, which concrete surrounds the auxiliary frames, the plastic layer of the form and the foam layer can be cut away and a real window frame with or without ginss can be placed in the opening obtained therewith.

## Claims

1. Mothod for manufacturing a building structure in which an inflatable form (1) which has been provided with an entrance lock (12) is mounted in an airtight manner on a base or foundation (7) which form (1) by means of subable devices is inflated and after having obtained to correct shape by inflation a foam resin layor (2) is aprayed upon the transition of the form (1), anchors, each having a perforated foot plate (8) to which an anchuring rod (19) is attached, are placed with their plate-shaped feet (8) on said foam regin layer (2), whoreby said anchoring rods (10) are

inwardly directed, reinforcing rode (4) are attached to said anchoring rode (10) after appraying a first layer concrete (5') upon the foam layer (2) is menutercured in that primarily the foam maintleyer (2) is menutercured until its first required thickness is obtained, that only thereafter the encircle (8, 10) are placed and fixed to the foam layer (2) by inserting of bent positions (9) which are cut free from the place (8) and bent over into a position perpendicular to the plane of the plate (8) and that the first and turned away from said rod (10) and that the first concrete layer (5) is apprayed over the feet (8) of each encircle which its against the innerable of the foam layer (2).

2. Method according to claim 1, characterized in that the mintercement at least in horizontal planes is a pre-constantible reinforcement.

3. Method according to claim 1 or 2 in which for the manufacturing of wholese traines and the like frames are placed which are book by the spraying of the concrete layer, characterized in that the frames are temporary frames of which form and dimension correspond to the form and dimension of the final window frames, which frames are placed upon the form layer and efter the application of the concrete, form material and from are removed at the location of the frames and each frames are removed and replaced by the final window frames.

4: Anchor for use in the method according to one or more of the proceding claims comprising a performed foot plate to which a rod is suscited, characterized in that said plate (8) has bargues (9) which are cut free from the plate (8) and bent over into a position perpendicular to the plane of the plate (8), and turned away from said rod (10).

## Patentansprüche

1. Vertehven zum Herutollen eines Gebäudes, bei demicine sufplaabare Form (1), welche mit einer Emfahrtschlause (12) verzehen ist, kuftdicht abschlie-Bond guf einer Besis oder einem Fundement (7) angebracht wird, welche Form (1) mit Hilfe geelgrieter Elivichtungen ausgehlasen wird und nach Erreichen der genauen Gestalt durch das Aufblasen eine Schaumharzschicht (2) auf der Innenseite der Form (1) zuigesprüht wird. Ankar, die jewolls sino partorioris Fußplatto (8) haben, an welcher ein Ankorstab (10) angebracht ist, mit ihren plattenformigen Füßen (8) auf die Schaumharzschicht (2) gelegt werden, wobel de Ankarstab (10) nech irmen weisen, und Beweitrungsstäbe (4) an den Ankenstäbe (10) angebracht werden, nachdorn eine erzig Betanschicht (5') auf die Schoumsenleht (2) gesprüht wurde; dedurch gekennzelchnet, daß die Schoumhwzschlöht (2) guaret hergostellt wird, bis ihre abschließend erforderliche Stärke erreicht ist, daß nur enschließend die Anker (8, 10) mul die Schaumschicht (2) gelegt und